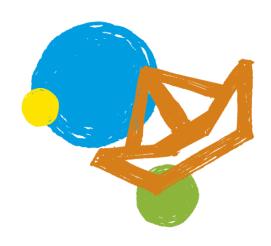




# World citizenship & Sustainability Policy 2024-2025













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#### INTRODUCTION

At our international school, where diversity and global perspectives thrive, citizenship education is more than just a curriculum topic—it is a foundation for shaping future global citizens. It prepares students to navigate complex societal challenges with confidence and integrity, empowering them to actively contribute to making the world a better place.

In alignment with Dutch law, citizenship education:

- **Emphasizes** respect for the fundamental values of democracy—freedom, equality, and solidarity—and promotes acting in accordance with these values within the school.
- **Encourages** students to develop social and civic competencies for active participation in a pluralistic society.
- **Promotes** understanding and respect for differences in religion, belief, political affiliation, origin, gender, disability, or sexual orientation.

Our school serves as a vital space for students to cultivate the skills needed for future societal engagement while fostering a safe and inclusive environment. This document outlines our goals for world citizenship (Chapter 3), rooted in our context and population analysis (Chapter 1) and our school vision (Chapter 2). We detail our learning goals in Chapter 3 and our learning continuum in Chapter 4, approaches in Chapter 4. In Chapter 5 we describe our approach and how we see our school as a practice place. Our results, and how we assess, linked to our quality cycle can be found in Chapter 6. Professional development is addressed in Chapter 7, and next steps are summarized in Chapter 8.

Our attachments include our specific Citizenship goals in IPC per citizenship pillar, how international mindedness and global competences are addressed in IPC, and our Jigsaw citizenship goals linked to our personal goals.







# 1. OUR CONTEXT, POPULATION & IDENTITY

Our families seek unimpeded development opportunities for their children worldwide while residing temporarily in the Netherlands. Many of our students are considered 'third culture' kids, spending significant portions of their developmental years outside their parents' passport countries. These students often develop a unique cultural identity that integrates elements of multiple cultures, offering them a distinctive perspective on the world. However, a key challenge for third culture children is establishing a strong sense of personal and cultural identity.

Our students are global citizens—generally globally competent, socially conscious, and responsible learners. They speak multiple languages and are predominantly nonnative English speakers.

Parents are typically knowledge workers, highly educated, and earning above-average incomes. They generally have high expectations for their children's academic performance and future opportunities. Upon arriving in a new culture, families value community, safety, and well-being as essential priorities.

While some international families plan to stay short-term in the Netherlands, others intend to remain long-term, though many are uncertain about their plans upon arrival. Some families integrate into Dutch society, but we observe that most international families remain within an international bubble. Feedback from many students indicates challenges in assimilating into Dutch society and forming genuine connections with Dutch peers. These difficulties often stem from language barriers, differences in norms and values, and challenges in embracing diversity. Additionally, there is minimal interaction between our international school and neighboring Dutch schools.

#### **Implications for Citizenship Education**

Our students' multicultural backgrounds enrich classroom discussions and foster adaptability. While they navigate diverse perspectives with ease, they may need support in understanding Dutch societal structures, developing civic engagement, and defining their role in both local and global communities.

Global issues like climate change, migration, and social justice shape their worldviews and provide learning opportunities for citizenship education.

To empower students as engaged members of society, we aim to: Foster intercultural understanding and connections with Dutch society.

- Equip students with skills to navigate societal structures and values.
- Encourage engagement with real-world issues and social responsibility.
- Strengthen collaboration with local schools and communities.
- Through these efforts, we prepare students to be responsible, active participants in their communities, both in the Netherlands and beyond.

Based on this context and its implications we formulated our Citizenship goals in Chapter 3.







## 2. OUR VISION

# **Empowering Global Citizens**

At our international school, we empower students to become future global citizens, equipping them to tackle societal challenges with confidence and integrity while inspiring them to make a positive impact on the world. Our students are encouraged to explore their academic and personal identities in an environment that respects and values diversity, multiculturalism, and multilingualism.

# **Key Values**

OIS is committed to cultivating the following key values:

- 1. **Inquisitive Minds:** Promoting exploration across diverse cultures and addressing global challenges, such as environmental sustainability.
- 2. **Communicative & Collaborative Learners:** Fostering communication skills that empower students to engage in global dialogues.
- Internationally-Minded Citizens: Nurturing an appreciation for diversity by actively exploring and celebrating cultures, recognizing their unique strengths, and fostering empathy, global awareness, and a sense of responsibility.

# **How We Achieve Our Vision**

We accomplish this by:

- Offering the International Primary Curriculum (IPC), which focuses on academic, personal, and international-mindedness goals.
- Delivering Personal, Social, Health Education (PSHE) through Jigsaw to promote active citizenship, respect for diversity and equality, and the development of moral awareness.
- Using inquiry-based classroom practices and self-reflection to foster student engagement, critical thinking, and ownership of learning.
- Supporting multilingualism and being recognized as an Ambassador <u>Language</u>
   Friendly School.
- Celebrating diversity by respecting and appreciating the various cultures represented in our school.

# **Tailored Learning Pathways**

Recognizing the diverse pathways our students may take and their varied needs for integration, we provide two tailored learning pathways:

- 1. **International Programme:** Prepares students to continue their education anywhere in the world while enabling participation in Dutch society.
- 2. **Dutch Enrichment Programme (DEP):** Bridges home cultures to Dutch culture, empowering students for a seamless transition into Dutch society and education.

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# **Our Stakeholders**

- **Students:** Active contributors to their own learning journey.
- **Parents/Guardians:** Essential partners who support learning at home, volunteer in school events, and help foster community relationships.
- **Teachers/Staff:** Dedicated professionals designing engaging curricula, supporting academic and personal development, and focusing on teaching for learning rather than simply being teachers of learning.
- **School Leadership:** Sets clear, strategic goals aligned with fostering international-mindedness, embracing global perspectives, and cultivating a school culture that values diversity, innovation, and inclusion.
- **Community Members:** Local organizations and volunteers offering resources, expertise, and support for experiential learning and extracurricular activities.
- **Governing Body (Floreer):** Provides oversight of the school's performance, policies, and strategic direction.

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## 3. SCHOOL CITIZENSHIP GOALS

Considering our context and population, we have identified three key goals for citizenship. These are outlined below under **What** our goals are, followed by an exploration of **Why** these goals are important and how they are linked, and **How** we aim to achieve them:

# **What: Our Citizenship Goals**

#### 1. Cultural Understanding

Students leave our school with a strong respect for their own language and culture, as well as those of others, including the Netherlands as their host country. Our multicultural students are equipped to navigate the complexities of identity, belonging, and intercultural competence.

#### 2. Diversity & Inclusivity

In a vibrant, inclusive environment, every student feels valued and heard. By embracing and celebrating differences, students engage in open dialogue and demonstrate mutual respect. This creates a space where individual stories enrich the collective learning experience.

#### 3. Multilingualism

We foster a love for languages, building a multilingual foundation. Students become proficient in English, their mother tongue, and Dutch, enabling them to express complex ideas effectively. Through meaningful contexts—like discussing global challenges, expressing emotions, and exploring cultural nuances—students develop both linguistic confidence and intercultural understanding.

# **Why: The Importance of These Goals**

#### Integration into Dutch Society

Many international families remain in an international bubble, making it challenging to integrate into Dutch society. Bridging this gap supports meaningful connections and mutual understanding.

#### Leveraging Diversity

Our diverse population offers a unique opportunity to use these rich experiences to drive positive global change. Encouraging active participation promotes sustainability, resilience, and cooperation in an interconnected world.

#### Global Sense of Belonging

Developing a strong sense of personal and cultural identity is crucial for third-culture children. A global perspective enables students to find belonging rooted in their multicultural experiences, rather than a specific location.







# **How: Achieving Our Goals**

## Cultural Awareness and Belonging

Through our curriculum and daily interactions, we educate students about their own cultures and those they encounter, fostering a deeper understanding of both.

#### Modeling Values & Conflict Resolution

Staff model respect, empathy, and open-mindedness in daily interactions. They guide conflict resolution and help build healthy, respectful relationships.

#### • Engaging Learning Activities

Structured discussions, debates, and projects encourage curiosity and expose students to diverse perspectives. These activities promote critical thinking and empathy.

#### • Collaborative Learning

Teamwork is an integral part of daily learning, allowing students to explore diverse topics while respecting others' ideas, challenging assumptions, and asking questions.

#### Facilitating Connections

Programs like bilingual after-school care (Unikidz), local and global activities, and charity initiatives encourage social responsibility, compassion, and community involvement.

## Involving Parents

Parental involvement strengthens the home-school connection, enhances educational experiences, and fosters a supportive school community.

## • Supporting Cultural Engagement

Participation in cultural events builds appreciation for diverse traditions and creates a vibrant school community that celebrates and respects diversity.

In the next Chapter our learning continuum and objectives are described ensuring we achieve these goals. Furthermore we have several activities and approaches to support this whilst our school is a practice place, which are covered in Chapter 5.

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## 4. LEARNING CONTINUUM & OBJECTIVES

This chapter outlines our learning continuum and specific objectives, aligned with the Dutch key citizenship pillars:

- Freedom and equality
- Power and participation
- Democratic culture
- Identity
- Diversity
- Solidarity
- Digital coexistence
- Sustainability
- Globalization

# **Key Areas of Focus**

The learning continuum is reflected in 3 learning areas:

- 1. IPC and IEYC
- 2. School-Wide Health & Well-being Program: Jigsaw
- 3. Further Enriching Experiences

These 3 learning areas are described below. Within each area we link to our school goals. All the specific learning objectives of IPC (1) and Jigsaw (2) are covered in our attachments.

#### 1. IPC and IEYC

Through thematic units and an interdisciplinary approach IPC and IEYC foster curiosity across subjects like Geography, History, and Science, embedding citizenship values in everyday learning. The curriculum actively promotes our 3 goals:

- Cultural Understanding by exploring global topics such as migration, climate change, and heritage, encouraging students to connect these with their own cultural backgrounds.
- **Diversity & Inclusivity** by teaching empathy, collaboration, and ethical decision-making through explicit Personal Goals (e.g., being respectful, adaptable, ethical, collaborator, empathetic).
- **Multilingualism** by encouraging the use of multiple languages in learning and communication, promoting language awareness and intercultural respect.

International Mindedness and Global Competence are explicitly addressed, helping students reflect on identity, understand global connections, and take responsible action. These goals are aligned with Dutch citizenship pillars and detailed further in Attachments 1 and 2.

While we explicitly teach students to evaluate information critically, navigate online environments responsibly, and use technology ethically, they help students develop the skills and perspectives needed to understand, engage with, and contribute to a diverse and interconnected world. All goals are explicitly taught using the What, Why, and How framework, focusing on knowledge, skills, understanding, and attitude (e.g., "know," "recognize," "use language").







#### Highlights include:

- 1. **Knowledge of Democratic Values:** Units like *Champions for Change* emphasize democratic principles.
- 2. **Social & Community Competencies:** Topics like *Climate Control* build social awareness and cooperation.
- 3. **Rule of Law:** Units like *Going Global* introduce foundational democratic values.
- 4. **Civic Responsibility:** Themes such as *Active Planet* explore disaster responses and community support.
- 5. **Sustainability:** Units like *What Price Progress* analyze the impact of technological and industrial advancements.
- 6. **Media and Digital Education:** Units like *ICT Computing* teach students to evaluate information critically and use technology responsibly to connect globally.

# 2. School-Wide Health & Well-being Program: Jigsaw

The Jigsaw PSHE program helps develop students' personal, social, and emotional skills from Early Years through Group 8. It aligns closely with our school's three citizenship goals:

- **Cultural Understanding** is supported through units like *Celebrating Differences* and *Being Me in My World*, which help students explore identity, reflect on values, and understand cultural norms in a safe environment.
- Diversity & Inclusivity are embedded in every Jigsaw unit through activities
  that promote empathy, respectful communication, teamwork, and conflict
  resolution. Students are encouraged to appreciate differences, listen actively,
  and value others' perspectives.
- Multilingualism is indirectly supported by fostering respectful dialogue and emotional expression, which empowers students to communicate confidently across cultures and in different languages.

Jigsaw's structure and classroom agreements (like the Jigsaw Charter) create a safe space for dialogue and reflection, reinforcing the IPC Personal Goals. Attachment 3 shows how Jigsaw's learning strands directly overlap with key skills such as integrity, empathy, compassion, and resilience, all of which contribute to responsible and inclusive citizenship.

Jigsaw emphasizes six key themes:

- 1. Being Me in My World
- 2. Celebrating Differences
- 3. Dreams & Goals
- 4. Healthy Me
- 5. Relationships
- 6. Changing Me





# 3. Further Enriching Experiences

Further enriching experiences of cultural events, excursions, and partnerships brings citizenship to life beyond the classroom to support our three goals:

- Activities like Intercultural Day, charity initiatives, and Dutch language experiences foster Cultural Understanding by connecting students with diverse traditions and encouraging meaningful reflection on identity
- Through collaboration with local communities and shared celebrations, we create authentic moments of **Diversity & Inclusivity**, where every student's background is valued and represented
- Multilingual events and family involvement strengthen Multilingualism, reinforcing pride in home languages and promoting communication across cultures. These experiences make our school a vibrant, living example of global citizenship.

A variety of enriching experiences, include:

- **Mother Tongue Day and Reading Sessions:** Celebrating native languages and cultural traditions, shared by students and parents.
- **Yearly Intercultural Day:** Showcasing diverse cultures through workshops, interactive booths, traditional food, performances, and storytelling.
- Yearly Language parade and Reading sessions in various languages supported by parents
- **Cultural Celebrations:** Celebrating festivals and traditions relevant to the cohort, often involving parents.
- **Dutch** as an **Additional Language (DAL):** Supporting students in learning Dutch culture, traditions, and societal norms (e.g., national holidays, historical events). Activities like *Jeugdjournaal* discussions link language learning with real-world citizenship topics.
- School Camps and Sports Tournaments: Building intercultural communication, empathy, and a sense of shared values through outdoor activities.
- **Learning Celebrations:** Students present achievements confidently in a community setting, fostering collaboration between families and the school.
- **Charity & Fundraising:** Initiatives aligned with the curriculum to foster awareness about poverty, sustainability, and health.
- Excursions and Guest Speakers: Providing real-world insights and strengthening connections with local organizations and diverse community members.
- **Global Connections and Events:** Participation in international summits and collaborative activities with Dutch schools.





# 5. OUR APPROACH - "SCHOOL AS PRACTICE SPACE"

At OIS, students actively practice citizenship every day. We create a safe and respectful school culture where democratic values are lived, not just taught. We employ various methods to teach effectively, fostering student engagement while creating opportunities for practical application of citizenship skills.

# **Creating Practice Spaces for Engagement**

Walking through our school, you'll notice classrooms filled with students engaged in lively discussions, collaborative projects, and reflective conversations. Teachers guide respectful discussions using real-world topics (e.g. global conflicts, migration) that encourage empathy and multiple perspectives. Students engage in role plays, debates, and team-based tasks that develop democratic competencies such as negotiation, ethical. Current events, such as conflicts around the world, often serve as starting points (aligned with our policy on world crises). Diverse backgrounds of our students mean some may have personal connections to these regions, enriching discussions.

# **Collaborative and Reflective Learning**

Projects and collaborative activities invite students to assume different roles and viewpoints—for example, acting as city planners during sustainability units. Teachers use diverse resources to explore global and local issues. Students reflect through journals, self-assessments, and peer feedback, helping them take ownership of their learning and strengthen critical thinking. For example by:

- Group Projects and Activities: Students work together on tasks that naturally
  require sharing perspectives, such as debates, role-playing scenarios, and
  problem-solving activities related to global or local issues. For example, in an
  IPC geography unit for on urban development, students take on roles as city
  planners, business owners, and environmental activists to negotiate solutions
  to keep their city sustainable
- Diverse Resources: We use texts, stories, and resources representing various cultures, traditions, and viewpoints. Walking into a classroom, you may see students analyzing multiple news articles on a single event, comparing perspectives from different regions to develop critical media literacy.
- Personal Connections: IPC themes are linked to students' diverse backgrounds, encouraging them to share personal or family experiences.
   Students are encouraged to bring their own cultural narratives into discussions, fostering a deeper personal connection to global issues.
- Reflective Practices: Journaling and group discussions follow teamwork
  activities, helping students evaluate what worked, what could improve, and
  how diverse perspectives were respected. Students create and use a success
  criteria as a rubric to assess their progress, ensuring they have clear
  benchmarks for their learning. They regularly reflect on their academic
  journey, identifying strengths and areas for growth. Additionally, students
  provide self and peer feedback on assignments, fostering accountability and
  critical thinking.





# **Fostering Respectful Dialogue with the Jigsaw Charter**

The Jigsaw Charter underpins class expectations: respect, the right to pass, confidentiality, and kind language. These shared agreements are visible across the school and practiced daily, creating a safe environment for discussing complex or sensitive topics. This includes:

- Respect: Everyone listens without interruption and takes turns speaking.
   Teachers model this by using questioning techniques that promote critical thinking without confrontation.
- Right to Pass: Students can choose not to participate if they feel uncomfortable.
- **Confidentiality:** Personal stories and thoughts are not repeated outside the lesson.
- **Supportive Environment:** No put-downs; all opinions and feelings are valued.
- Appropriate and Kind Language: Ensures a positive and respectful atmosphere.
- Active Participation: Encourages engagement while respecting boundaries.

Protocols like "Think-Pair-Share" guide discussions, ensuring all voices are heard and respected. During lessons on complex issues—such as social justice, climate change, or historical conflicts—teachers guide students through respectful disagreement, reinforcing skills in active listening and constructive debate.

# **Teachers as Role Models**

Teachers model curiosity, fairness, and inclusive behaviour. They use inclusive language, invite student input in decision-making, and demonstrate lifelong learning. By living the values we aim to teach, staff help students internalize them. Teachers demonstrate and encourage:

- Teamwork and collaboration
- Involving students in decision-making and collaborative goal-setting
- Respectful communication using inclusive and empathetic language
- Curiosity and open-mindedness by challenging assumptions and stereotypes
- Providing constructive feedback and celebrating progress
- Lifelong learning and reflection

# **Connecting Language Learning to Citizenship**

Language learning is integrated with global citizenship education by:

- Exploring topics such as sustainability, social justice, and global conflicts in the target language.
- Applying language skills in real-world contexts (e.g., pen pal letters or persuasive writing).
- Enhancing emotional expression and awareness through vocabulary related to feelings.





- Practicing respectful questioning techniques, polite forms, and functional language structures (e.g., for opinions or hypotheses).
- Discussing cultural nuances like formal vs. informal speech, gestures, and idiomatic expressions.
- Using diverse, authentic materials (e.g., music, news articles, fiction, and non-fiction) to expose students to multiple perspectives.

# The Role of the Mother Tongue

We value students' home languages as a key to inclusion and emotional safety. By integrating the mother tongue into class discussions and activities, students feel seen, boosting confidence and identity development—core to our goal of cultural understanding. Teachers encourage students to share expressions, traditions, and perspectives in their own language, modelling respect and curiosity. This practice strengthens mutual understanding and gives space to explore citizenship values across cultures.

The **Multilingual Team** collaborates with teachers to integrate languages into the curriculum. As an **Ambassador for Language Friendly Schools**, we actively engage the community in fostering multilingualism.

# **Encouraging Reflective Learning Journeys**

Reflection is embedded in our daily practice. In all classes, reflective learning journeys help students to regularly evaluate their progress, behaviour, and learning goals using journals, discussions, and self-assessment rubrics. This supports ownership and self-awareness of learning and helps them connect classroom experiences to broader citizenship competencies like empathy, responsibility, and resilience. Teachers model openness and guide students in setting meaningful goals, creating a learning culture based on trust and collaboration.

# **Student Leadership and Responsibility**

Through structures like the Student Council, students actively practice democratic values: representing peers, engaging in dialogue, and contributing to decision-making. This hands-on approach develops ownership, collaboration, and social responsibility. Teachers guide and coach students in leadership roles, modelling active citizenship. These opportunities help students internalize civic values through real participation, making the school a practice space for democracy in action. For this purpose we also collaborate with external organizations for example for global summit.

# **Home Learning Connections & family partnerships**

Home learning<sup>1</sup> strengthens student responsibility and reflection by connecting school topics with family discussions. By exploring global themes in their preferred language, students deepen understanding and bring in diverse cultural views. We

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A **home learning policy** is currently under development.





promote discussions with family members on global issues, cultural traditions, and ethical values.

Parents are seen as partners—through workshops, cultural events, and informal exchanges, they help model respectful interaction and broaden perspectives. We regularly organise workshops for parents which are related to items as third culture kids, multilingualism, insights in various cultures. Our yearly Intercultural day brings cultures together in many ways as an event in which our whole school community participates actively.

We encourage our students to enroll in Dutch after-school activities. We are planning to start coffee mornings for our parents and eventually, we hope to expand these into coffee mornings with Dutch parents from the Dutch school next door. We have started an initiative similar to a "Welcome to the Netherlands Workshop" in which we connect parents who can then give each other practical tips about living in the Netherlands. We could expand this by facilitating in-school sessions on practical topics like healthcare, education, Dutch norms, and bureaucratic processes.

This collaboration reinforces our citizenship goals and supports a strong, values-based learning community.





# 6. RESULTS - ASSESSMENT METHODS & QUALITY CYCLE

To effectively monitor progress in citizenship education, we use a variety of tools. These are not only meant to gather data but to evaluate whether students are developing in line with our defined citizenship goals. The assessments are directly linked to the learning objectives described in Chapter 3 and 4 and appendixes 1 and 3, and serve to both inform teaching and improve our programme.

# **Connection to the Quality Cycle**

The results from these tools feed directly into our internal quality cycle. Teachers review outcomes in team sessions and use them to evaluate whether the intended learning goals are being met. Based on this, we adjust our teaching strategies, develop new approaches, or strengthen partnerships with parents and the community. This cycle ensures that our citizenship education evolves in response to the needs of our students and remains grounded in our shared vision.

School agreements have been included in our Teaching & Learning principles in the first chapter. Being part of the Teaching & Learning principles World Citizenship is not a separate subject but a unifying lens or interdisciplinary that connects all areas of learning. It provides students with the skills, values, and attitudes to apply their knowledge—whether in maths, language, or science—in a responsible, ethical, and socially aware way.

# 1. Reflective Learning Journeys

Students actively participate in their learning process through **Reflective Learning Journeys** in all classes related to the learning objectives and personal goals. These reflections help teachers see how students develop understanding, empathy, and critical thinking. Teachers use this information to adapt lessons and provide targeted support, ensuring alignment with school-wide goals.

# 2. Learning Ladders

**Learning Ladders** assesses progress against IPC citizenship objectives (attachments 2 and 3), which include the skills, knowledge, and understanding students are expected to achieve. Teachers observe and assess knowledge, skills, and attitudes linked to democratic values, collaboration, ethical decision-making, and intercultural awareness. This formative assessment through teacher and child rubrics of all objectives helps identify learning gaps and informs planning for differentiated instruction.

# 3. PASS Test (Pupil Attitudes to Self and School)

The **PASS test** by GL evaluates students' attitudes toward themselves, their learning, and their school environment. This tool measures students' sense of belonging, confidence, and emotional well-being. The outcomes are reviewed in relation to our goal of inclusivity and used to guide pastoral care and classroom strategies that strengthen community feeling and active participation. They also address barriers to





participation and collaboration through targeted interventions. PASS benchmarks performance against children of the same age (using UK-based standards) to assess typical progress.

# 4. Jigsaw PSHE Assessments

Jigsaw assessments focus on how students apply citizenship-related skills in real contexts—e.g., respectful communication, teamwork, and resolving conflicts, using the objectives as stated in appendix 3, which supports ownership and internalization of key values. It ensures students reflect on and improve their role in fostering a respectful and inclusive school environment. These focus on:

- **Self-Reflection:** Students evaluate their understanding of empathy, teamwork, and respectful communication, promoting accountability.
- Practical Application: Activities and discussions assess how students apply skills like active listening, conflict resolution, and ethical decision-making in real or simulated scenarios.
- Peer and Teacher Feedback: Collaborative tasks provide insights into how students work with others, value diverse perspectives, and contribute to group goals.

# 5. Ongoing Observations and Portfolios

Teachers collect evidence of student learning through portfolios and continuous observation. These include student work, peer feedback, and moments of civic engagement during lessons or projects. This qualitative data provides a rich picture of how students apply learning in practice.

# 6. Scholen met Succes Satisfaction Survey

The **Scholen met Succes** survey is administered annually to students, covering social safety, engagement and well-being. Results are analysed in team meetings and linked back to our school's citizenship goals, guiding adjustments in both curriculum and school culture initiatives. It helps to:

- Assess students' feelings about their school environment, promoting inclusivity and a positive school culture.
- Encourage civic engagement through questions about involvement in school activities.
- Explore relationships among students, teachers, and parents, emphasizing respect, teamwork, and diverse perspectives.





#### 7. PROFESSIONALIZATION

We prioritize professionalism within our learning environment as a commitment to continuous development. By equipping educators with the knowledge, skills, and strategies to foster global awareness, inclusivity, and critical thinking, we enhance the learning experience for all students. Workshops, conferences, and training programmes encourage collaboration among staff, enabling the sharing of best practices to improve outcomes.

# **Key Areas of Professional Development**

#### 1. Intercultural Competence and Global Issues Training

- Helps teaching staff understand and celebrate cultural diversity,
   reduce biases, and integrate cultural perspectives into the curriculum.
- o Creates inclusive classrooms where all students feel represented.
- Examples of participation in the recent past:
  - Leadership Conference 2023 (Culture and Change, Managing and Embracing Conflict, Curricular Design & Leadership, Building & Leading Teams, Effective Differentiation for the 21st Century, Living Your Mission – all ECIS).
  - Creating Global Citizens and The Pedagogy of Hope, Imagination, and Possible Futures (through DIPS).

#### 2. Inclusion and Diversity Initiatives

- Participation in the DIPS working group on Inclusion and Diversity, which organizes events like the yearly Inclusion Day.
- Collaboration with the DIPS working group on Sustainability.

#### 3. Training on Facilitation and Coaching

- o Developing skills for facilitating dialogue and debate.
- Building coaching techniques to better support students and colleagues.

#### 4. Social and Emotional Learning (SEL)

- Workshops and training to enhance the implementation of the Jigsaw program.
- Focus on fostering emotional intelligence, empathy, and effective communication.

#### 5. Digital Literacy and Media Education

 Preparing staff to educate students on evaluating information critically and navigating online environments responsibly.

#### 6. Citizenship Curriculum Development

 Guiding teachers in designing lessons and projects that embed world citizenship concepts into existing subjects.





#### 8. NEXT STEPS

Our school has laid a strong foundation for world citizenship education through the integration of IPC, Jigsaw, multilingualism, and a practice-based approach. Based on our defined goals—*Cultural Understanding*, *Diversity & Inclusivity*, and *Multilingualism*—and the learning continuum described in Chapter 4, we now move toward refining and deepening our practice.

#### Where we are now

- Citizenship goals are clearly defined and linked to curriculum content across IPC and Jigsaw.
- Reflective learning, student voice, and inclusive classroom practices are in place.
- Assessment tools (Learning Ladders, PASS, portfolios) are used, but there is room to strengthen the link between learning outcomes and evaluation.
- Family and community partnerships are being developed, with events and multilingual engagement underway.

Our goal is to remain authentic and accountable while consistently engaging in meaningful, enriching activities that support both local and global communities.

# What we will do next

- Alignment with UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs): We will link existing IPC and Jigsaw units more explicitly to the UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). This ensures relevance and coherence in how global issues are explored in the classroom. Specifically we will:
  - Explore projects that integrate the SDGs into the current curriculum.
  - Link with local summits to foster broader connections and global awareness.
- 2. **Trauma-Informed Training for Staff:** We will provide *trauma-informed training for staff* to help address the emotional and social needs of our diverse community, especially in the context of global mobility and change and to mitigate the emotional challenges faced by families within our school community.
- 3. Strengthening Community Connections: Building on initiatives like Intercultural Day and the Welcome Workshop, we will create more opportunities for students to engage with local organisations, through joint projects or volunteering, more specifically:
  - Create more opportunities to give back to the broader community through charitable initiatives.
  - Build relationships with local organizations, such as Ons Tweede Huis and elderly homes, to foster community engagement and compassion.
- 4. **Development of a Digital Literacy Policy:** We will finalise and implement a digital literacy policy that supports students in navigating online spaces ethically, responsibly, and in line with our citizenship vision.





# ATTACHMENT 1: IPC GOALS CATEGORIZED PER CITIZENSHIP PILLAR

Below all IPC goals can be found, categorized per citizenship pillar as per <a href="mailto:curriculum.nu">curriculum.nu</a>. Goals of personal learning are included. All MP's are colour coded:

MP1: groups 2 and 3 MP2: groups 4 and 5 MP3: groups 6, 7 and 8

* Primary education	* First three years, Secondary Education
* Freedom and equality	
* Pupils learn from, through, and about the values of democracy. This begins with rules/arrangements in their own living environment and extends to the public space and society.  * MP3:	* Students reflect on the functioning of a democratic constitutional state and its meaning in the lives of citizens. They orient themselves with basic values and the tensions between them. *
* 1.23 learn about rules related to different cultures	
* Power and participation	
* Pupils learn ways in which they can influence decision-making processes in a peaceful way. They become familiar with power and authority and the way in which this is organized at different levels.  * MP3:  * Communicator General: 3.9 use verbal & non-verbal communication that	Students develop an understanding of the workings of a democratic constitutional state. They analyze social issues     in which power relations and decision-making processes play a role. *

being communicated.





- \* Environmental communication (anything in the world around us that communicates a message): 3.15 interpret information considering authority of the source.
- \* MP2: communicator
- \* 2.9 use verbal & non-verbal communication that is appropriate to the situation, purpose and audience, Digital /social media: 2.10 IPC state they have aimed to consider age restrictions for the use of social media accounts and therefore start this strand at MP3. We are aware that some schools have internal systems such as Google Classroom and Seesaw and may need to begin this learning earlier. Jigsaw does address this., Multilingualism:
- \* 2.11 use different languages in different situations, Integrity: 2.12 think before I speak to avoid hurting others' feelings, Clarity: 2.13 be clear, relevant and confident.,2.14 attentively focus on what is being communicated considering tone and facial/body language, Environmental communication (anything in the world around us that communicates a message): 2.15 seek information from a range of sources to gain a deeper insight.
- \* MP1: 1.7 fulfil the role of leader or group member as and when directed
- \* 1.13 be clear and relevant
- \* 1.24 make positive choices when given the opportunity
  - 1.34 identify and consider issues in local and global contexts
- \* 1.36 reflect on my own strengths and weaknesses to inform next steps in learning
- 1.38 imagine solutions to problems
- \* 3 \* Democratic culture IPC International 107, 207, 307
- Pupils learn that their voices will be heard and that their input matters in decision making processes in the classroom. They experience that other persons may also be heard and discover similarities and differences
   between people.
- \* MP3: Respectful to others: 3.29 treat others as I would like to be treated; 3.30 critically engage with opinions different to my own; 3.31 be considerate of others' rights and cultural norm; 3.32 value diversity and question prejudice and bias.
- Respectful to the environment: 3.33 apply strategies to manage the use of concrete and abstract resources
- \* MP2:respectful
- \* Others: 2.29 treat others as I would like to be treated, 2.30 consider the opinions, views, cultures and traditions of other people, 2.31 be considerate of others' personal space, their things and feelings, 2.32 recognise and appreciate differences, Environmental: 2.33 reuse and/or repurpose resources taking responsibility for waste.
- \* N/D1·
- \* 1.6 appreciate how everyone's activities combine to achieve a goal
- 1.17 recognise feelings and emotions in others
- 1.19 recognise some of the differences and similarities between my own life and that of others
- \* 1.26 appreciate that not everything can go my way
- 1.30 accept that others have different opinions to me
- 4 \* Identity
- Pupils discover their primary and secondary emotions, ambitions, talents, and developmental points. They become aware of identity formation aspects and future and reflect on traditions, celebrations and rituals.
- \* Students explore their ambitions
  - expectations. They investigate with which group(s) they feel connected to and why.

\* Students learn to express a wellgrounded opinion and to persuade others through discussion, debate or dialogue. They also discover how differences of opinion, values beliefs, interests and emotions cannot always be – or even need to be - bridged.











\* MP3: Adaptable Flexibility: 3.1 approach all tasks across all subjects with an open mind; 3.2 select roles, ideas and strategies appropriate to the situation.

\* Adaptable Metacognition – supporting learning through managing emotions: 3.3 apply strategies to self-regulate my own feelings.

\* MP2: Adaptable Flexibility: 2.1 approach a range of tasks across all subjects with an open mind, 2.2 explore various roles, ideas and strategies, Metacognition – supporting learning through managing emotions: 2.3 apply strategies to manage my own feelings and respond appropriately, 2.4 reflect on where values and opinions may have come from.

\* MP1:

\* 1.3 follow strategies to manage my own feelings

\* 1.4 realise that my opinions may change over time

1.18 recognise that my words and actions have consequences

\* 1.19 recognise some of the differences and similarities between my own life and that of others

1.35 give a reason for why I think Something

\* 1.36 reflect on my own strengths and weaknesses to inform next steps in learning

1.37 reflect on where I have been successful in my learning

1.38 imagine solutions to problems

5 \* Diversity

 Pupils learn to put what other people do and want into words and thereby discover similarities and differences. They learn to resolve conflicts peacefully. They make acquaintance with different viewpoints.

MP3:

\* Collaborator Group/team-work and Learning: 3.5 take responsibility for my own contributions to groups/teams to achieve goals; 3.6 offer support to others to help the group achieve shared goals.

\* Collaborator Leadership: 3.7 develop leadership skills and strategies to capitalise on group/individual strengths

\* Empathetic Emotions: 3.18 make decisions giving consideration to the impact on myself and others.

\* Empathetic Compassion: 3.20 contribute to the welfare of others.

\* MP2:

\* Collaborator

\* Group/team-work and learning: 2.5 contribute to various groups/teams to achieve goals,

\* 2.6 consider how both my own and others' activities combine to achieve a shared goal, Leadership: 2.7 volunteer for leadership roles (Jigsaw lessons cited are applicable if child has chosen to take on leadership role)

\* Empathetic

\* emotions: 2.18 anticipate the impact of my words and actions on others, compassion: 2.20 demonstrate fairness and kindness in words and deeds

MP1:

1.17 recognise feelings and emotions in others

\* 1.18 recognise that my words and actions have consequences

\* 1.19 recognise some of the differences and similarities between my own life and that of others

1.23 learn about rules related to different cultures

1.30 accept that others have different opinions to me

1.31 be considerate of others' personal space and their things

1.32 recognise and accept that we are all different

They learn about tensions between identity issues.

Students explore the diverse society in the Netherlands in the context of a globalizing world; whilst considering philosophical movements, values and beliefs.







#### 1.39 use others' ideas as inspiration

#### 6 \* Solidarity

Pupils develop ways to represent their own and the interests of others;
 they learn to recognise and name exclusion, injustice, discrimination and unequal treatment.

- \* MP3:
- \* Collaborator Group/team-work and learning: 3.5 take responsibility for my own contributions to groups/teams to achieve goals; 3.6 offer support to others to help the group achieve shared goals.
- \* Collaborator Leadership: 3.7 develop leadership skills and strategies to capitalise on group/individual strengths
- MP2: collaborator
- \* Group/ team-work and learning: 2.5 contribute to various groups/teams to achieve goals, 2.6 consider how both my own and others' activities combine to achieve a shared goal,
- \* Leadership: 2.7 volunteer for leadership roles (Jigsaw lessons cited are applicable if child has chosen to take on leadership role)
- MP1:
- 1.16 recognise that others may have different learning needs to myself
- 1.17 recognise feelings and emotions in others
- 1.18 recognise that my words and actions have consequences
- 1.23 learn about rules related to different cultures
- 1.24 make positive choices when given the opportunity
- 1.31 be considerate of others' personal space and their things
- 1.34 identify and consider issues in local and global contexts
- 7 \* Digital coexistence IPC Health and Wellbeing-digital citizenship KSU goals 1.16, 2.16, 3.16
- \* Pupils learn about the effects of the online world on their identity, personal (online) life, and on the public sphere. They learn to think critically and creatively about media content and processes and act accordingly.
- MP3:
- \* Communicator digital /social media: 3.10 use social media and/or online platforms positively
- \* Communicator Critical Thinkers: 3.34 analyse issues and evaluate solutions in local and global contexts. 3.35 use reasoning to support conclusions.
- \* MP2:
- \* communicator
- \* Digital /social media:2.10 IPC state they have aimed to consider age restrictions for the use of social media accounts and therefore start this strand at MP3. We are aware that some schools have internal systems such as Google Classroom and Seesaw and may need to begin this learning earlier. Jigsaw does address this.
- \* Thinker
- \* Critical thinkers: 2.34 analyse and predict effectiveness of solutions to issues, 2.35 give reasons for why I think something
- \* MP1:
- \* 1.9 use verbal & non-verbal communication that is appropriate to the situation, purpose and audience
- 1.15 interpret information from a range of sources
- 1.21 recognise that rules are there to help us
- 8 \* Sustainability

- Students develop insight
- into issues of inclusion,
- \* exclusion, justice and solidarity, and how to
- behave in the light of those issues. They recognize the principle of equality from Article 1 of the constitution and apply it.

Students develop insight

- \* into their own media use and that of others. They learn that media
- influences social and
- political life and in what ways.
- They investigate the reliability of sources.







\* Pupils learn about sustainability issues, about the different values and interests involved and the consequences for the living environment, now and later. They learn to recognize sustainable choices and to reflect on their own behaviour.

- \* MP3:
- \* Ethics in the world (and subject learning): 3.22 learn about the moral/ethical issues associated with particular subjects. 3.23 learn about which ethical/moral codes form the rules in my life.
- \* Ethics in Decision making ethical choices: 3.24 be selfless rather than selfish when
- making ethical decisions.
- \* Empathetic Emotions: 3.18 make decisions giving consideration to the impact on myself and others.
- \* Empathetic Compassion: 3.20 contribute to the welfare of others.
- MP2
- \* Ethical
- \* Ethics in the world (and subject learning):2.22 learn about when I can contribute to improving and developing rules, 2.23 learn about rules related to different cultures, religions and families, decision making ethical choices: 2.24 be informed to help me make my own ethical decisions
- Empathetic
- \* Emotions: 2.18 anticipate the impact of my words and actions on others, compassion: 2.20 demonstrate fairness and kindness in words and deeds.
- MP1:
- 1.29 treat others as I would like to be treated
- \* 1.33 use less, share resources and help maintain shared environments
- 9 \* Globalization IPC International 102, 202, 302
- \* Pupils explore how they, their classmates and other people in the Netherlands are connected with other parts of the world and learn about international cooperation.
- MP3:
- \* Communicator General: 3.9 use verbal & non-verbal communication that is appropriate to the situation, purpose and audience.
- \* Communicator Multilingualism: 3.11 select the appropriate language for the situation.
- \* Communicator Integrity: .12 think carefully before speaking in order to be considerate of others; 3.13 reflect on the clarity of my messaging and aim for improvement.
- \* Communicator Clarity: 3.14 seek clarification when I am unsure of what is being communicated.
- Environmental
- \* communication (anything in the world around us that communicates a message): 3.15 interpret information considering authority of the source.
- MP2:
- \* communicator
- \* Leadership: 2.9 use verbal & non-verbal communication that is appropriate to the situation, purpose and audience, multilingualism: 2.11 use different languages in different situations
- \* Integrity: 2.12 think before I speak to avoid hurting others' feelings
- \* Clarity: 2.13 be clear, relevant and confident, 2.14 attentively focus on what is being communicated considering tone and facial/body language,

- Students learn about the tensions between the values and interests associated with
- \* People, Planet and Prosperity and which affect the environment both near and far, now and later, and to look critically at our own choices.

- Students develop an understanding of
- \* the interconnectedness and interdependence of countries and territories, migration and issues of distribution; the role of the EU and UN and their possible influence.







- \* Environmental communication (anything in the world around us that communicates a message): 2.15 seek information from a range of sources to gain a deeper insight
- \* MP1:
- 1.11 appreciate that people are able to use languages at different levels
- \* 1.16 recognise that others may have different learning needs to myself
- 1.30 accept that others have different opinions to me
- 10 \* Technological citizenship
- Pupils learn about the influence of technological developments on themselves and their living environment. They learn to recognize ethical issues and discuss different perspectives, which they may adopt themselves.
- \* MP3
- \* Ethics in school and my local Environment: 3.21 do the right thing even when no one is watching
- \* Ethics in the world (and subject learning): 3.22 learn about the moral/ethical issues associated with particular subjects. 3.23 learn about which ethical/moral codes form the rules in my life.
- \* Decision making ethical
- \* Choices: 3.24 be selfless rather than selfish when making ethical decisions.
- \* MP2
- \* Ethical
- \* Ethics in school and my local environment: 2.21 recognise the dilemmas of what someone wants to do and what the right thing is, Ethics in the world (and subject learning: 2.22 learn about when I can contribute to improving and developing rules, 2.23 learn about rules related to different cultures, religions and families, Decision making ethical choices: 2.24 be informed to help me make my own ethical decisions
- \* MP1:
- \* 1.18 recognise that my words and actions have consequences
- 1.24 make positive choices when given the opportunity
- 11 \* Ways of thinking and acting
- \* Pupils learn critical thinking and action, develop empathy, ethical reasoning and communication.

These ways of thinking and acting are applied together with the knowledge and understanding gained in the other building blocks.

- MP3:
- \* Critical Thinkers: 3.34 analyse issues and evaluate solutions in local and global contexts. 3.35 use reasoning to support conclusions.
- \* Metacognitive thinking: 3.36 reflect and act on ways of developing my strengths and overcoming my weaknesses.
- \* Empathetic Learning: 3.16 support others' learning when I am able.
- \* Empathetic Emotions: 3.18 make decisions giving consideration to the impact on myself and others.
- \* Empathetic Compassion: 3.20 contribute to the welfare of others
- \* MP2
- Thinker
- \* Critical thinkers: 2.34 analyse and predict effectiveness of solutions to issues, 2.35 give reasons for why I think something, Metacognitive thinking :2.36 reflect on my own strengths and weaknesses to help goal setting \* Empathetic

- Students learn to analyze issues around technology
- and form opinions about them.
- They are aware of the influence of technological developments on their own lives, the lives of others, on politics and
- society.

- Students learn critical
- thinking, ethical reasoning,
- \* communication and develop empathy. These
- ways of thinking and acting are applied in conjunction with the knowledge and understanding gained in the other building blocks.







- Learning: 2.16 act in a way that does not hinder others' learning, emotions:
- 2.18 anticipate the impact of my words and actions on others, compassion:
- 2.20 demonstrate fairness and kindness in words and deeds
  - MP1:
  - 1.24 make positive choices when given the opportunity
- 1.34 identify and consider issues in local and global contexts
- 1.35 give a reason for why I think something
- 1.9 use verbal & non-verbal communication that is appropriate to the

situation, purpose and audience

1.14 attentively focus on what is being communicated





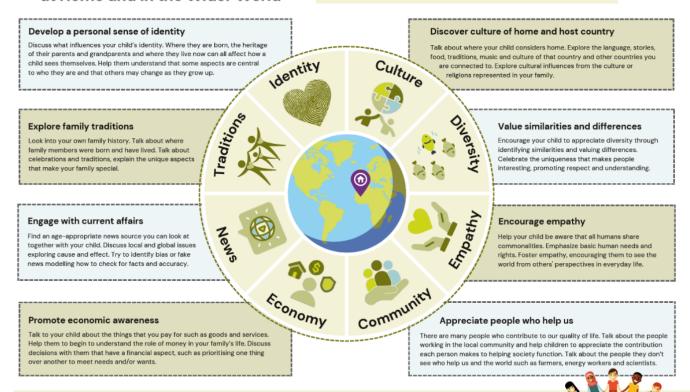
# ATTACHMENT 2: INTERNATIONAL MINDEDNESS AND GLOBAL COMPETENCE IN IPC

IPC has specific goals on International Mindedness and Global Competence. A visual of the coverage and different areas can be found below.

# Developing International Mindedness and Global Competence at Home and in the Wider World

Children should spend time developing a sense of self and their place in the world as well as a sense of other. Being confident in their own identity and taking an interest in others are the foundations for international mindedness and global competence. Engaging with the eight ideas below will support your child with international Learning and Health & wellbeing.





The four aspects of Global Competence are 'investigate the world', 'recognise perspectives', 'communicate ideas' and 'take action'. Through the 8 ideas above, parents can contribute to developing globally competent children.







# ATTACHMENT 3: JIGSAW GOALS LINKED TO IPC PERSONAL GOALS

Jigsaw also overlaps with IPC personal goals emphasizing global citizenship awareness among students. In the overviews in Attachment 3 the unit coverage of Jigsaw goals can be found, linked to IPC personal learning goals, divided in strands such as: flexibility, integrity, environmental communication, digital literacy, compassion, ethics in local environments. There is an overview per Milepost. To be added from these files:

MP1 - IPC PLGs KS1 mileposts and Jigsaw PSHE.pdf

MP2 - IPC PLGs Lower KS2 and Jigsaw PSHE.pdf

MP3 - IPC PLGs Upper KS2 and Jigsaw PSHE.pdf